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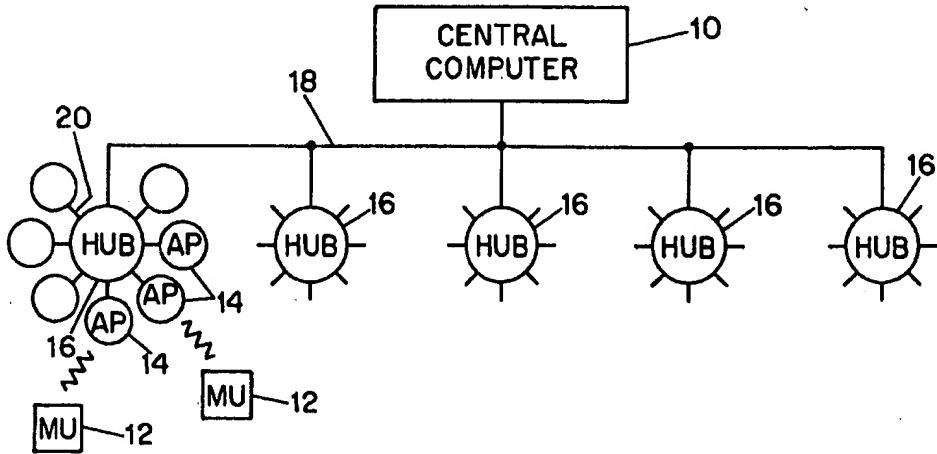
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(54) Title: INFRASTRUCTURE FOR WIRELESS LANSS



(57) Abstract

A wireless data communications system includes simplified access points (14) which are connected to ports of an intelligent switching hub (16). The switching hub (16) relays data packets to the access points (14) in accordance with destination address data in the data communications. In a preferred arrangement the access points (14) are provided with power over the data cable from the switching hub location.

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## INFRASTRUCTURE FOR WIRELESS LANs

### SPECIFICATION

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#### BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

This invention relates to wireless data communications networks, and in particular to arrangements for communications between mobile data handling units and a central computer using such networks.

The assignee of the present invention supplies a wireless data

10      communications systems known as the Spectrum 24® System, which follows the communications protocol of IEEE Standard 802.11. In the system as implemented, mobile units are in data communication with a central computer through access points. The access points communicate with the computer over an Ethernet wired network. Each of the mobile units associates itself with one of the access points.

15      In order to maintain order and reduce radio communications each access point must determine which of the communications received over the Ethernet link from the central computer is destined for a mobile unit associated with that particular access point. This requirement adds significant computational capacity to the access point, increasing the cost thereof.

20      In addition, in applications that must support a high volume of data communications from multiple users, such as systems supporting a self-service shopping system, hospital systems, systems that include paging or voice data links to many users, or systems supporting communicating with electronic shelf labels, additional access points are required to support the data communications traffic,

25      increasing the overall system cost.

The cost of an operational access point is dependent not only on the complexity thereof and the requirement for high speed processing of data packets for purposes of selecting those destined for mobile units associated with an access point, but the additional cost of the installation of electrical power to the location

5       of the access point, and the cost of a power supply to convert AC electrical power to DC power for the circuits of the access point. Further cost may be involved in physically mounting the access point hardware and antenna.

10      It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide an improved wireless data communications network with lower cost access points, to enable the economical provision of reliable wireless data communications with increased capacity and in complex installations at reasonable cost.

#### Summary of The Invention

In accordance with the invention there is provided an improvement in a wireless data communications system wherein data communications are provided between mobile units and a central computer by access points. In accordance with the improvement, some of the access points are connected to said computer through at least one data switching hub, and said data switching hub is arranged to selectively provide data communications to the access points connected to the hub in accordance with destination address data in the communications. The data switching hub may also be arranged to monitor source address data in communications received from each access point connected to a port of the data switching hub. The switching hub can be arranged to maintain a routing list correlating the source address data with the port. The switching hub is arranged to use the list to selectively provide the data communications to the access points.

25      In accordance with the invention there is provided an access point for use in a wireless data communications system wherein access points in radio data communication with mobile units are connected to at least one data switching hub for selectively providing data communications to the access points. A transmitter/receiver provides the radio data communication with the mobile units.

30      A data interface is provided for data communications with the switching hub over a cable. A processor is provided for coupling data between the data interface and the

5 transmitter receiver and a power supply is provided for receiving operating power from the cable and to provide power to the interface, the processor and the transmitter/receiver.

In accordance with the invention there is provided a method for providing data communications between mobile units and a central computer. The  
10 method includes the steps of connecting the central computer to at least one switching hub over a wire data communication network and connecting a plurality of access points to ports of the switching hub. Mobile units associate themselves with selected ones of the access points. Data communication packets are provided on the wired communication network which include destination addresses. The  
15 switching hubs maintain a routing list relating ports to the access points and the mobile units associated with the access points. The switching hub is operated to relay data communication packets from the wired data communications network to the access points in accordance with the routing lists. Data communications received from the switching hub by the access points are sent to the associated  
20 mobile units by radio communications.

In a further arrangement of the method data communications are provided from one of the mobile units by radio communications to an associated access point, the packets including a destination address and a source address corresponding to the mobile unit. The access points relay the data communications  
25 packets to a port on the switching hub, and the switching hub is operated to relay the data communications packets received from the access points to the wired data communication network or to other access points in accordance with the destination address. The switching hub also updates the routing list at the switching hub by relating the port of the switching hub to the source address of the  
30 data packet.

In accordance with the invention there is provided a data communications system which provides data communications between at least one

5 computer and a plurality of mobile units. The system includes a plurality of access points, each arranged for provided radio data communications and having a wired data interface. There is also provided a plurality of mobile units, each arranged to associate itself with one of the access points and conduct radio data communications therewith. There is provided at least one switching hub having a  
10 first wired data port and a plurality of additional wired data ports, each connected to the wired data interface of one of the access ports. There is finally provided a wired data communication network for providing wired data communications between at least one computer and the first wired port of the switching hub.

In such a data communications system, wherein data is  
15 communicated over the wired data communication network as data packets, each having a destination address data, the switching hub is arranged to examine the destination address data and provide the data packets to one of the additional wired ports if the destination address data corresponds to an address on a routing list associated with the additional wired port. In a preferred embodiment, data is  
20 communicated from the access points over the wired data interface as data packets to one of the additional wired data ports of the switching hub. The data packets include source address data and the switching hub is arranged to examine the source address data and to associate the corresponding source address data with both the additional port on the routing list. In a preferred arrangement the access  
25 points are connected to the data ports of the switching hub over multi-conductor cables and the cables can be arranged to provide power to the access points. The power may be provided using a power supply module adjacent to switching hub. Alternatively, the power supply module may be housed inside the switching hub.

For a better understanding of the present invention, together with  
30 other and further objects, reference is made to the following description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, and its scope will be pointed out in the appended claims.

5

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Figure 1 is a block diagram of a wireless communications system in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 2 is a flow diagram illustrating the processing in a hub of the Figure 1 system.

10           Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating one embodiment of an access point useable in the Figure 1 system.

Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of a building showing the use of the Figure 1 system.

15           Figure 5 is a block diagram of an alternate embodiment of an access point usable in the Figure 1 system.

Figure 6 is a top view of a building showing the use of the Figure 1 system.

Figure 7 is a block diagram showing supply of power to access point cables.

20           Figure 8 is a block diagram showing a radio module according to the prior art used with the access point of Figure 3.

Figure 9 is a block diagram showing a further alternate embodiment of an access point usable in the Figure 1 system.

25           Figure 10 is a block diagram showing one arrangement for providing d.c. power to an access point.

Figure 11 is a perspective view of an access point enclosure according to one embodiment of the invention.

Figure 12 is a side view of an alternate embodiment of an access point enclosure.

5                   Figure 13 is a circuit diagram of choke circuit useful in practicing  
the present invention.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

Referring to Figure 1, there is shown a wireless data  
communications systems according to the present invention for providing data  
10               communications between a central computer 10 and a plurality of mobile units 12.  
The system uses access points 14 to provide radio packet communications with the  
mobile units 12 using the frequency hop spread spectrum communications protocol  
of IEEE Standard 802.11, whereby the radio modules in the mobile units 12  
monitor polling signals from the access points 14 and associate with an access  
15               point for purposes of data communications. The radio modules of the mobile units  
and access points may, for example, be identical to those used in the Spectrum 24®  
system.

In prior systems each access point is connected on an Ethernet wired  
network to the central computer. The access points are required to determine the  
20               identity of mobile units which have become associated with them and to extract  
from the data packets on the network those packets addressed to a mobile unit  
associated with the access point. This requirement has led to significant processing  
burden for the access points and led to increased cost for the access points.

In the system of Figure 1, the central computer 10 communicates  
25               over an Ethernet wired network 18 with intelligent switching hubs 16. Alternately  
a Token ring network can be used. Switching hubs 16 determine the destination of  
each packet and route packets to access points 14 if the destination of the packet is  
a mobile unit 12 associated with the access point 14. To achieve this function, the  
30               hub is an intelligent hub which maintains a routing list of mobile units 12 and their  
associated access point 14 according to the port of each hub. These lists are  
generated using the packet handling process of Figure 2, wherein at step 30 the hub  
processor reads the packet source address data and packet destination address data

5 of each packet received on one of its ports. The source address data is used at step 32 to update a routing list 34 which identifies a hub port with a data source address. The destination address data of the packet is used at step 36 to determine which port to route the packet to, according to the port associated with that address in routing list 34. At step 38 the packet is routed to the appropriate port.

10 In practice, the hub need only maintain a source list 34 for those access points 14 connected to the hub 16 and mobile units associated with access points 14 connected to the hub 16. Thus, if a packet is received at a hub over the Ethernet 18 with a destination address which is not associated with that hub, the source address need not be maintained on list 34. The hub will route the packet to 15 an access point only if the destination address of the packet is identified on list 34, otherwise the packet is ignored. When a packet is received on a hub port associated with a communications line 20 connected to an access point, the source address is associated with the hub port in list 34. The packet is routed either to the Ethernet connection 18 or to another port according to the destination address.

20 Advantageously, in order to update the list maintained by hub 16, upon initial association of a mobile unit with an access point, either the mobile unit or the newly associated access point provides a message packet, such as a broadcast message to the hub 16, with the source address of the message corresponding to the mobile unit. Upon receiving this message, the hub update its 25 list to include the association of the mobile unit with the port at which the access point is connected.

By determining destination address in hub 16 and maintaining the association of a mobile unit 12 with an access point 14 connected to a port of hub 16 in routing list 34 of hub 16, the functionality required of the access points is 30 greatly reduced. The access point acts merely as a conduit sending RF transmissions of packets received on communication line 20, and receiving transmission from associated mobile units 12 and providing Ethernet packets to

5 hub 16. In addition, the access point 14 must provide mobile unit association functions as provided in the Spectrum 24® system and may also provide proxy polling responses for associated mobile units 12 that are in power saving mode.

10 While the access point 14 routinely functions as a conduit of communication to its associated mobile units, some limited selection of data packets is possible. In particular, for example, the access point 14 may be arranged not to relay certain types of broadcast messages, such as router broadcast messages, that are not required to be received by the mobile units. In another arrangement, multiple access points may be connected in parallel to a single hub, in which case the access points can be arranged to not relay messages directed at mobile units  
15 associated with other access points.

Figure 8 is a block diagram of a radio module 50 for use in the Spectrum 24® system. The module includes components, including a microprocessor and program, for carrying out frequency-hop, spread-spectrum communications utilizing the IEEE Standard 802.11 in the 2.4 GHz. frequency band. Radio module 50 includes 80C188 processor 60, operating under the Galaxy firmware from Symbol Technologies and associated with the interface protocol of the Spectrum 24® system. Firmware is stored in flash memory 62, and SRAM 64 provides processing memory and data buffer functions. Interface 58 may be an S24 DRVP low-level polled interface module.

25 Utilizing radio module 50 as a unit, a simplified access point configuration is shown in Figure 3. Radio module 50 is connected via its PCMCIA interface 58 to data bus 71, which is also connected to processor 72, SRAM 70 and to Ethernet interface module 74, comprising a CS8900 Ethernet controller available from Cirrus. Firmware for processor 72 may be provided on memory 62 coupled  
30 to bus 56, or alternately may be booted from flash memory 62 to SRAM 70. Processor 72 operates with Ethernet controller 74 as part of its memory space

5 accessible through DMA to transfer messages between Ethernet controller 74 and radio module 50 via buffer 70.

An alternate arrangement is shown in Figure 5. In the access point 14' of Figure 5, the components of radio module 50 are modified to provide direct interface via ASIC 84 to Ethernet controller 74 via a DMA channel in interface 84.

10 The radio module and interface transfer are handled by CPU 78, which is provided with combined firmware on flash memory 82 and using an enlarged SRAM 80.

Still another alternate arrangement is shown as access point 14", in Figure 9. In access point 14", the CPU, ASIC, and Ethernet controller functions are provided by CPU 90, so that only a single processor is required.

15 In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the simplified access points 14, 14' and 14" are provided with power over the Ethernet cabling. In particular, the Ethernet data communication with the access points are carried on two of the four wire pairs on the Ethernet cable 20. The remaining two pairs of cable 20 are used to supply dc power to the access points. Referring to  
20 Figure 7, hub 16 includes an intelligent switching hub 40 of standard design having an Ethernet port to cable 18 and, for example, seven additional Ethernet ports to cables 20 for connection to access points 14. D.C. power module 42 is connected between the access point ports of hub 40 and cables 20 to provide D.C. power, e.g. 12 to 50 V.D.C. to the extra wire pairs of cables 20. The D.C. power module may  
25 be incorporated internally to the hub.

Each access point includes a DC-DC power supply 76 for converting the DC voltage from cable 20 to an appropriate level, e.g. 5 volts, to operate the logic and radio circuits of the access point.

30 Another arrangement for providing power to the access point is shown in Figure 10. Choke circuits 42 are interposed in cable 20 from switching hub 40 to access point 14. D.C. power from a power supply 41, which may also serve hub 40, is coupled to cable 20 using, for example, the choke circuit 42,

5 shown in Figure 13, which is available from Pulse of San Diego, California, Model P0421. Using this circuit the D.C. power is carried on all lines of cable 20. Capacitors in circuit 42 isolate the D.C. source from the data ports at hub 40 and access point 14, while the inductive circuits prevent the power supply from loading the high frequency data signals.

10 Using the features of the present invention, the cost, complexity and size of the access point is reduced significantly. The access point requires no connection to primary power and is connected only by the Ethernet cable 20 to the hub 16. In addition, a simple antenna 102 may be mounted within, or directly on the module as shown in Figure 11 to provide a simple package, about the size of a  
15 portable tape player, that can be easily mounted on a wall or ceiling, possibly using Velcro or adhesive attachment. The access point may include a pair of cable sockets 104, 106 to accommodate a cable to the hub 16, and possibly an extension cable to accommodate an additional access point or other device connected to the same port of hub 16. Sockets 104 and 106 are wired in parallel.

20 In another arrangement, access point 14 may be provided with a connector jack 108, which is received in a socket 110 on a wall or surface mounted unit 112, as shown in Figure 12.

Figures 4 and 6 show examples of how the system of the present invention can be advantageously used to provide extensive access point installation  
25 in facilities. Figure 4 shows installation in a multi-storied building, such as an office building or hospital, wherein access points 14 can be installed economically in many rooms on a floor and connected to a hub 16 on each floor. Improved coverage and improved capacity can be provided.

Figure 6 shows installation in a large store, e.g. a store using a self service shopping system with radio data communications using portable terminals or electronic shelf labels with wireless communication. Access points can be provided at many locations throughout the store to avoid dead zones, and

5 additional access points can be provided near the check-out stations to handle the possibility of greater usage demand in that area.

While there have been described what are believed to be the preferred embodiments of the present invention, those skilled in the art will recognize that other changes and modifications may be made thereto without  
10 departing from the spirit of the present invention, and it is intended to claim all such changes and modifications as fall within the true scope of the invention.

5                 1. In a wireless data communications system wherein data  
communications are provided between mobile units and a central computer via  
access points, the improvement wherein at least some of said access points are  
connected to said computer through at least one data switching hub, and wherein  
said data switching hub is arranged to selectively provide data communications to  
10 access points connected to said hub in accordance with destination address data in  
said communications.

2. The improvement specified in claim 1 wherein said data  
switching hub is arranged to monitor source address data in communications  
received from each access point connected to a port of said data switching hub,  
15 wherein said switching hub is arranged to maintain a routing list correlating said  
source address data with said port of said data switching hub and wherein said  
switching hub is arranged to use said list to selectively provide said data  
communications to said access points.

3. An access point for use in a wireless data communications  
20 system wherein access points in radio data communications with mobile units are  
connected to at least one data switching hub for selectively providing data  
communications to said access points, comprising a transmitter/receiver for  
providing said radio data communication with said mobile units, a data interface  
for providing data communication with said switching hub over a cable, a  
25 processor for coupling data between said data interface and said  
transmitter/receiver and a power supply for receiving operating power from said  
cable and providing power to said interface, said processor and said  
transmitter/receiver.

5                  4. An access point as specified in claim 3, wherein said access point is arranged in an enclosure, said enclosure including an antenna, said transmitter/receiver, said data interface, said processor and said power supply.

5                  5. An access point as specified in claim 4 wherein said enclosure includes an adhesive surface for mounting said enclosure to a wall or ceiling.

10                6. An access point a specified in claim 4 wherein said enclosure includes a data cable jack for said connection to said data switching hub, said data cable jack arranged to be received in a data cable socket.

15                7. An access point as specified in claim 3 wherein said data interface includes a first connector for connecting said access point to said switching hub over said cable and a second connector, arranged in parallel with said first connector for connecting another device to said switching hub over a further cable.

20                8. A method for providing data communications between mobile units and a central computer comprising:

                    connecting said central computer to at least one switching hub over a wired data communications network;

                    connecting a plurality of access points to ports of said switching hub;

25                associating mobile units with selected ones of said access points;

                    providing data communications packets on said wired communications network, said packets including destination addresses;

                    maintaining a routing list at said switching hub relating said ports to said access points and to said mobile units associated with said access points;

5                   operating said switching hub to relay data communications packets from said wired data communications network to said access points in accordance with said routing list; and

                      relaying data communications received from said switching hub by said access points to associated mobile units by radio communications.

10                  9. A method as specified in claim 8 wherein said access points are arranged to not relay a selected type of data communications received from said switching hub.

15                  10. A method as specified in claim 8 further including the steps of:  
                      providing data communications packets from one of said mobile units by radio communications to an associated access point, said packets including a destination address and a source address corresponding to said mobile unit;  
                      relaying data communications packets received by said access points from said mobile units to a port of said switching hub; and  
                      operating said switching hub to relay said data communications  
20                  packets received from said access points to said wired data communications network or said other access points in accordance with said destination address and to update said routing list at said switching hub by relating said port of said switching hub to said source address of said data packet.

25                  11. A method as specified in claim 10, wherein said mobile units are arranged to associate with one of said access points for radio data communications therewith, and wherein said mobile units are further arranged to send a data communications message upon association with an access point, said message causing said switching hub to update said routing list with the address of said mobile unit.

5                 12. A method as specified in claim 10 wherein said mobile units are arranged to associate with one of said access points for radio data communications therewith, and wherein said access points are arranged to send a data communications to said switching hub, when a mobile unit becomes newly associated with said access point, said message having a source address  
10                 corresponding to said newly associated mobile unit and causing said switching hub to update said routing list with the address of said mobile unit.

13. A data communications system for providing data communications between at least one computer and a plurality of mobile units, comprising:  
15                 a plurality of access points, each arranged for providing radio data communications and having a wired data interface;  
                       a plurality of mobile units, each arranged to associate itself with one of said access points and conduct radio data communications therewith;  
                       at least one switching hub having a first wired data port and a  
20                 plurality of additional wired data ports, each connected to said wired data interface of one of said access points; and  
                       a wired data communications network for providing wired data communications between said at least one computer and said first wired port of said switching hub.

25                 14. A data communications system as specified in claim 13 wherein data is communicated over said wired data communications network as data packets, each of said packets having destination address data and wherein said switching hub is arranged to examine said destination address data and provide said data packets to one of said additional wired ports if said destination address

5    data corresponds on a routing list to an address associated with said one additional wired port.

15. A data communications system as specified in claim 14 wherein data is communicated as data packets from said access points via said wired data interface to one of said additional wired data ports of said switching hub, said data 10 packets including source address data, and wherein said switching hub is arranged to examine said source address data and to associate the corresponding source address data with said one additional port on said routing list.

16. A data communications systems as specified in claim 13 wherein said wired data interface of said access points are connected to said 15 additional wired data ports of said switching hubs over multiconductor cables, and wherein said multiconductor cables are arranged to provide power to said access points.

17. A data communications system as specified in claim 16 wherein there is provided a power supply module associated with said switching hub for 20 providing power to said multiconductor cables.

18. In a wireless data communications system wherein there are provided access points for interconnecting mobile units in radio communications with said access points and a wired data communications network, the 25 improvement wherein at least some of said access points are supplied with power using data communications cables of said wired data communications network.

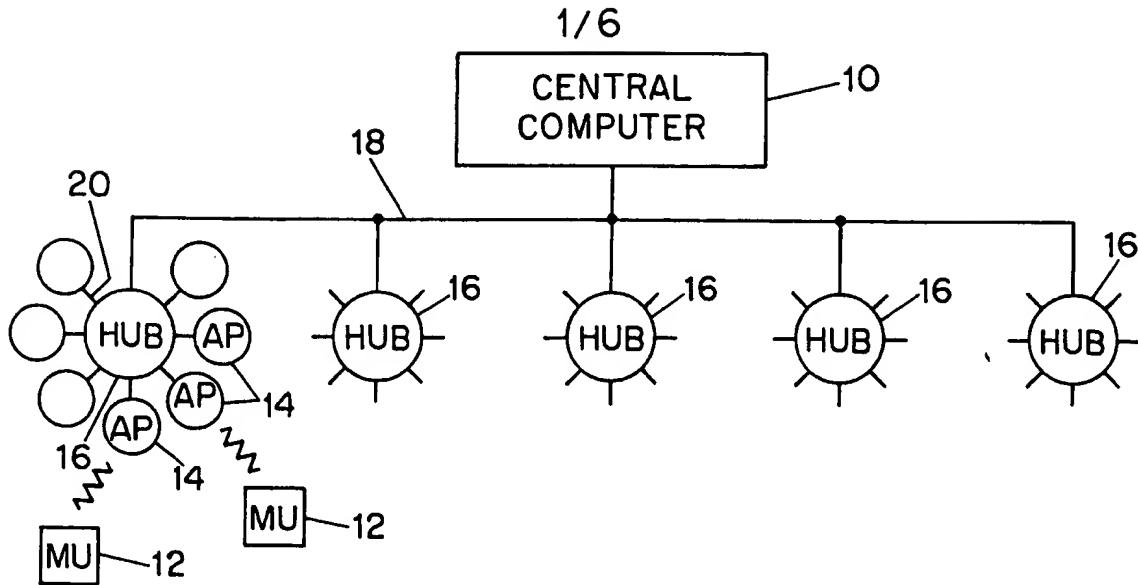


FIG. 1

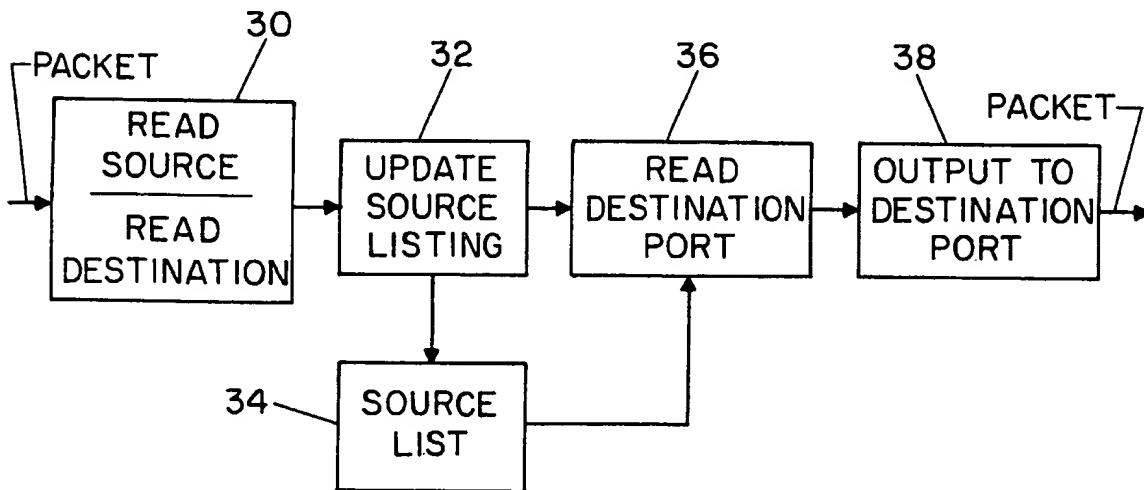


FIG. 2

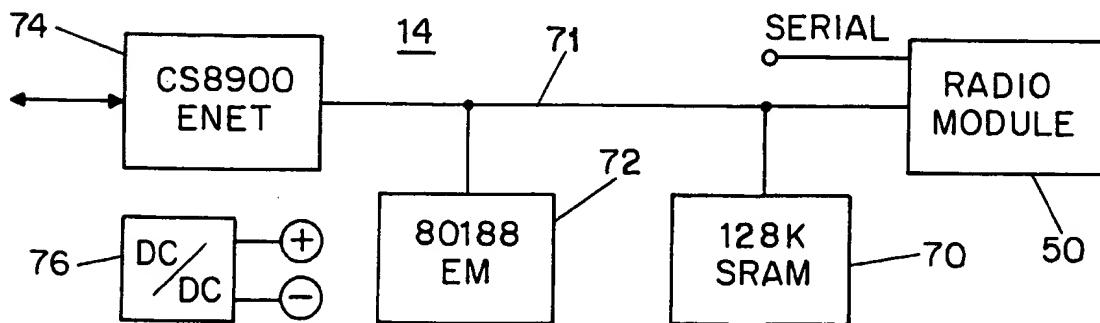


FIG. 3

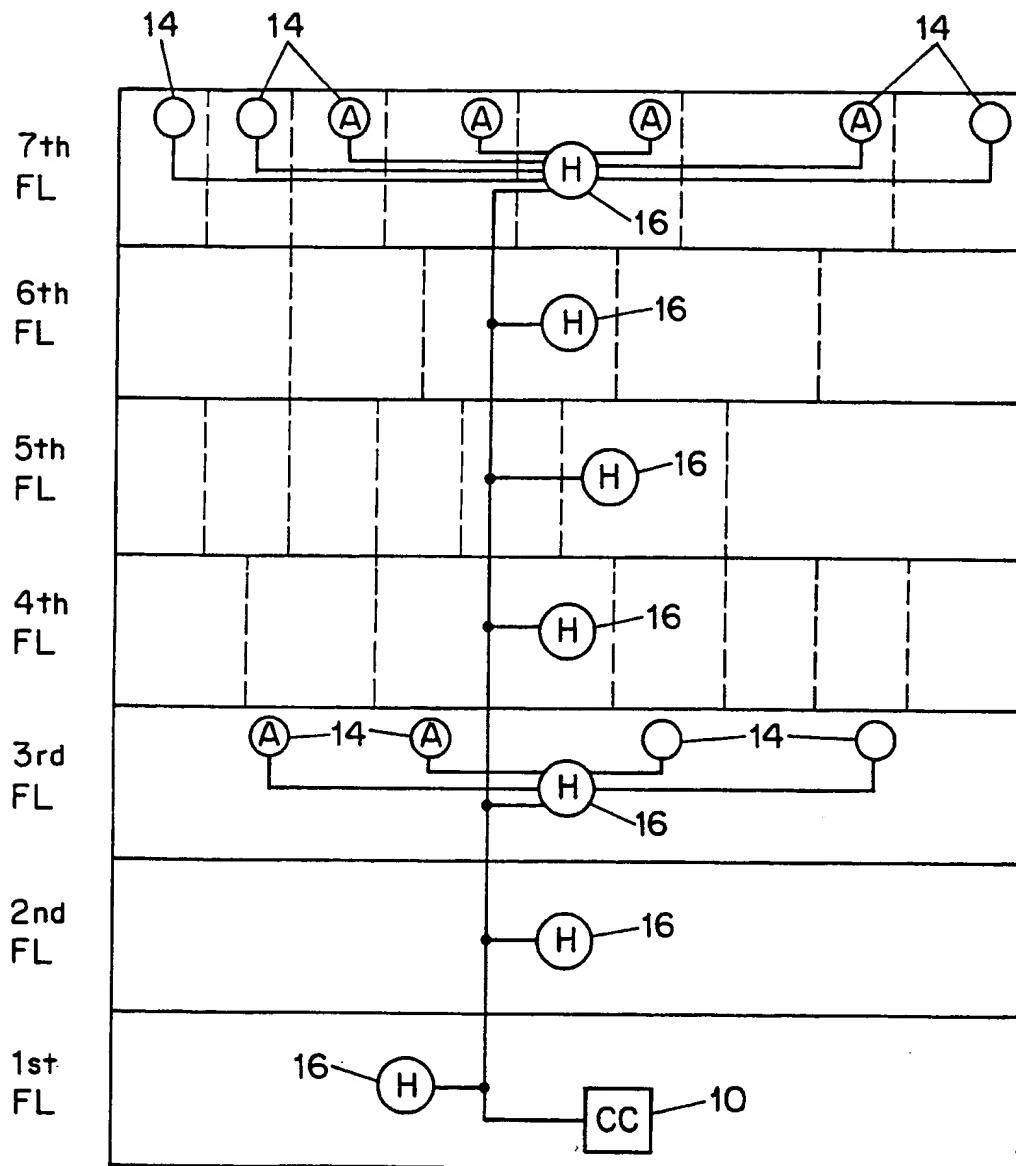


FIG. 4

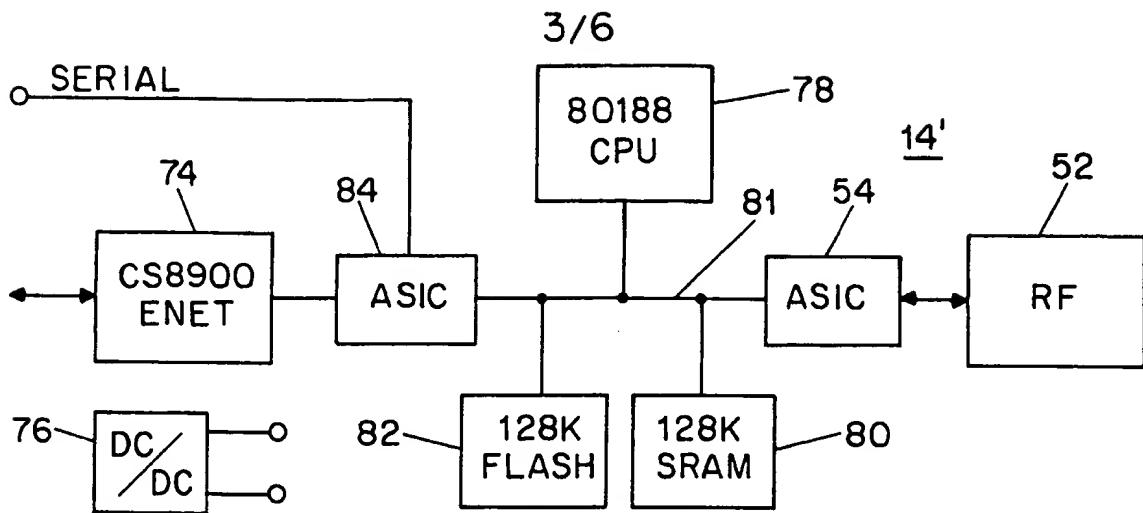


FIG. 5

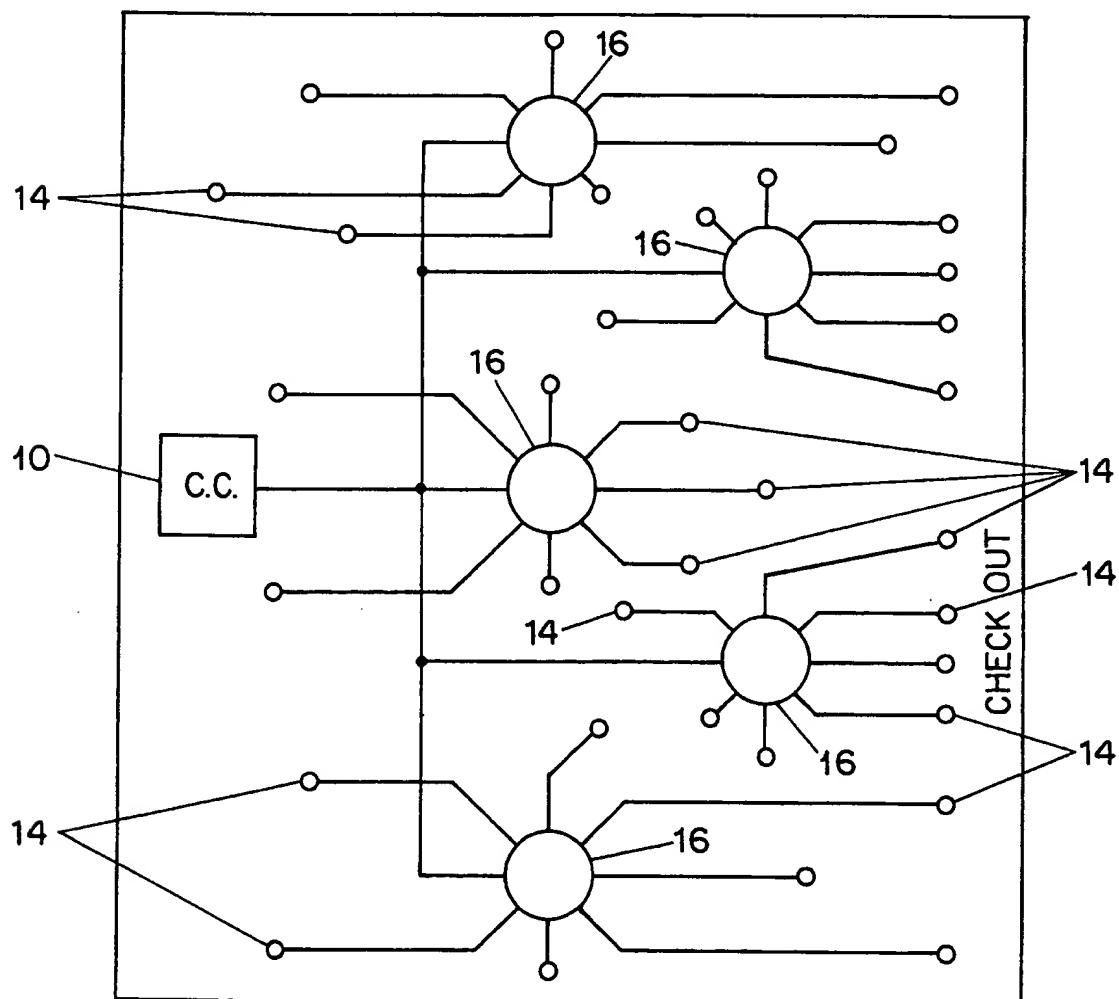
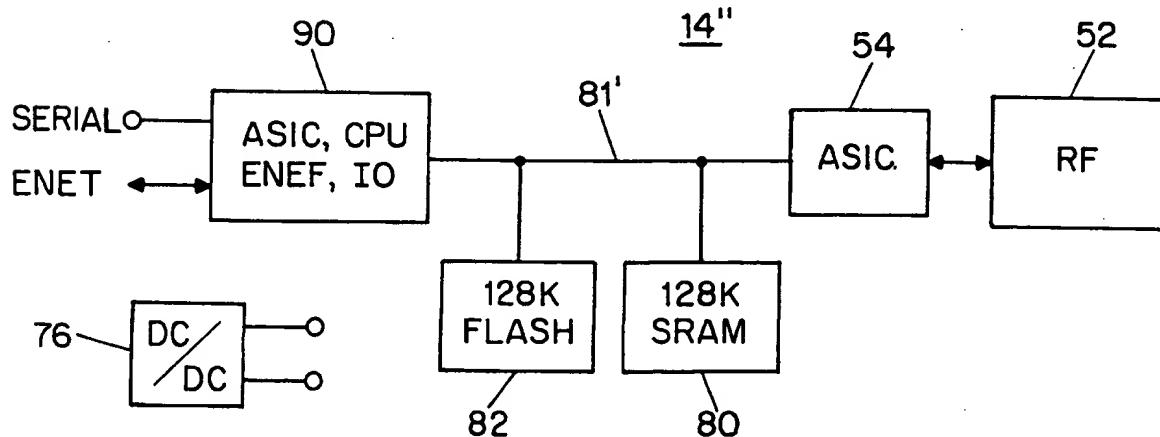
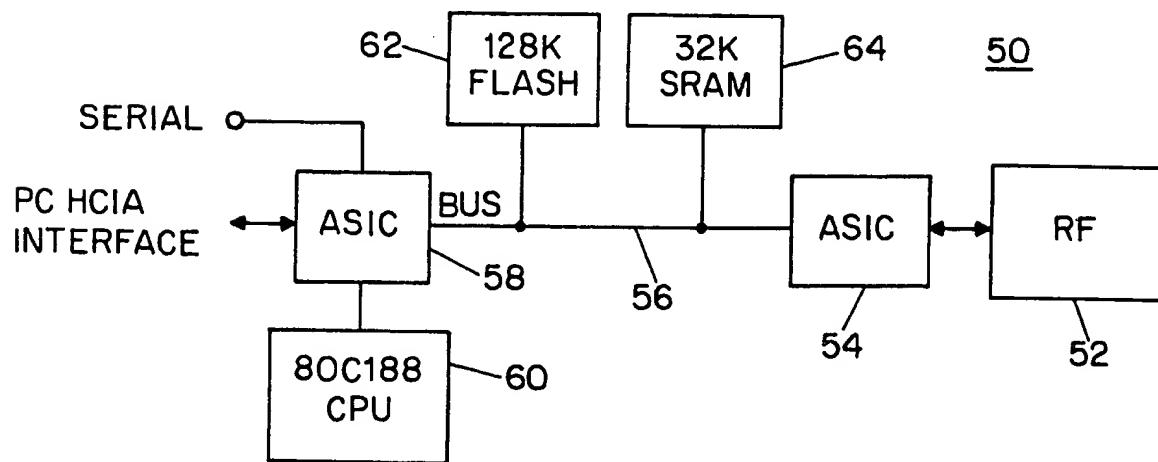
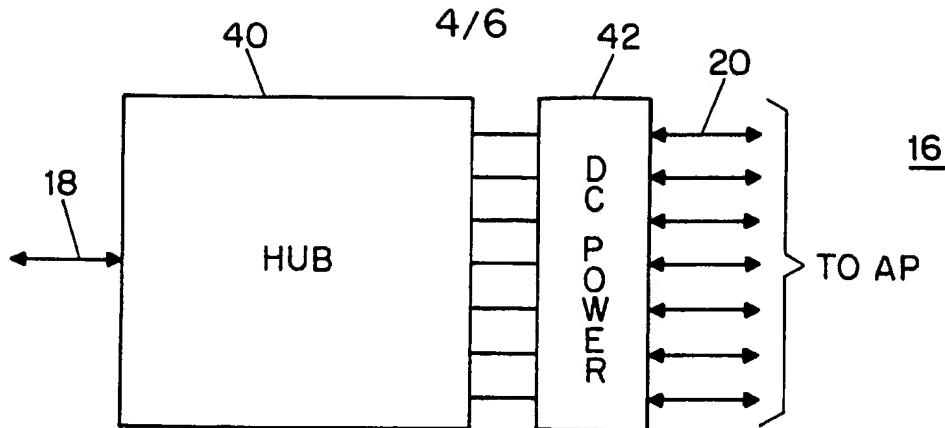


FIG. 6



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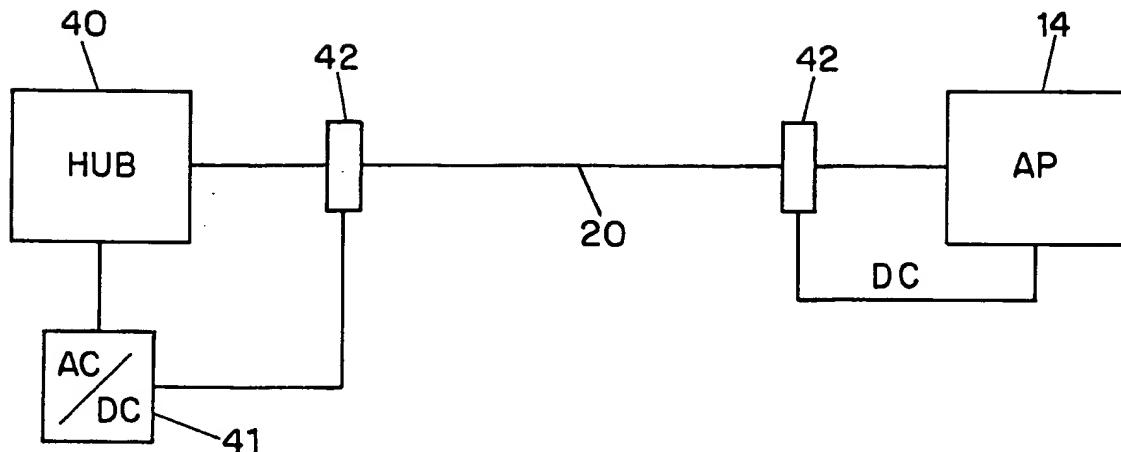


FIG. 10

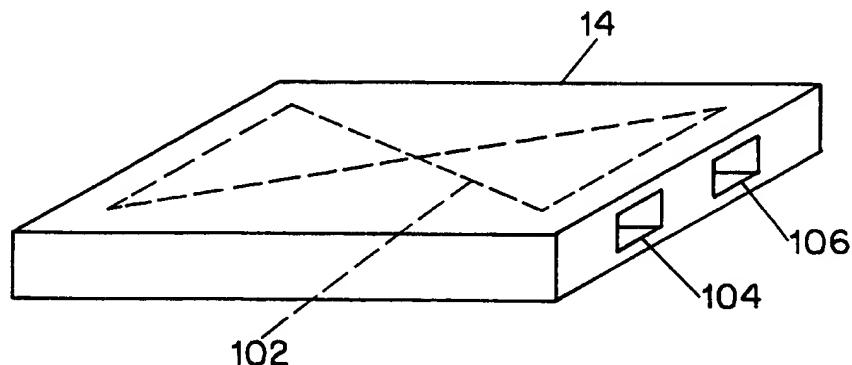


FIG. 11

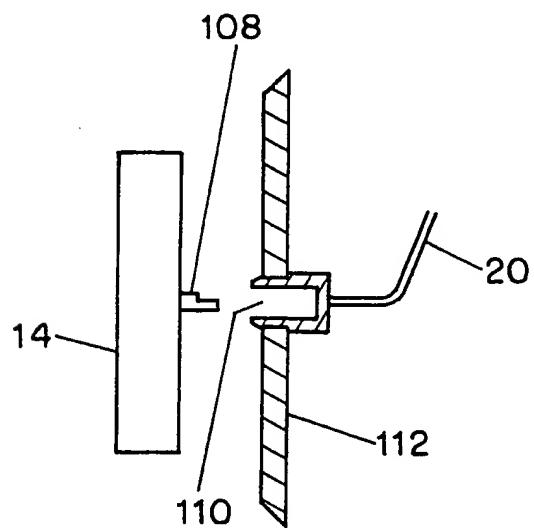


FIG. 12

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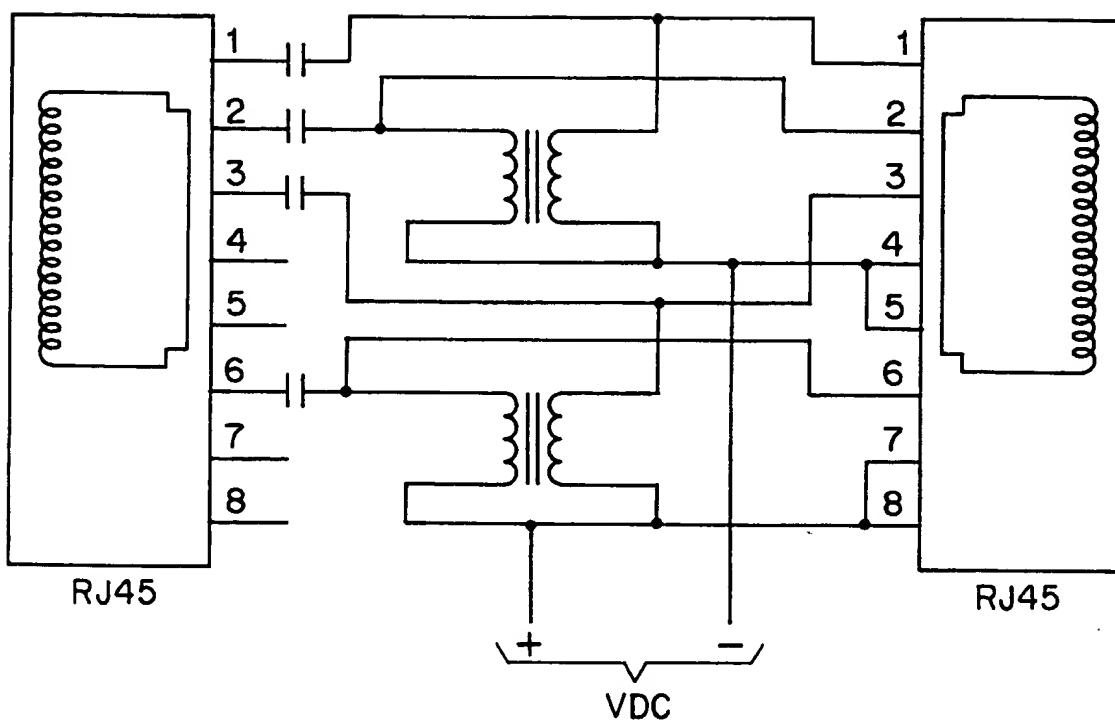
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FIG. 13

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US 99/00761

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) :H04J 3/02

US CL :370/349,401,347,329,321,321,338,337,442,407,408,402,318,389,395

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 370/349,401,347,329,321,321,338,337,442,407,408,402,318,389,395

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched  
NONE

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)  
NONE

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5,339,316 A (DIEPSTRATEN) 16 August 1994, see Figure 1 and colum 2 line 50 to column 5 line 40.	1-3,7-8,13- 15, and 18
X	US 5,502,726 A (FISCHER) 26 March 1996, see figure 1.	4-6,9-12, and 16-17

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.  See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	"T"	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A"		document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
"E"		earlier document published on or after the international filing date
"L"		document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
"O"		document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
"P"		document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
"X"		document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"Y"		document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"a."		document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
12 MARCH 1999	20 MAY 1999

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